## Lionel Walden Primary School: Long Term Plan – Year 6 - 2023/24

Area of	Learning Values	Autumn 1 Kindness, Thoughtfulness,	Autumn 2 Courage	Spring 1 Teamwork	Spring 2 Curiosity	Summer 1 Resilience	Summer 2 Respect
Life skills and learning behaviours	Wider Experience	Harvest Food Bank Appeal Bikeability Y6 – Road Safety Year 6 Residential to Caythorpe Court	Church Carol Concert Remembrance Day	Internet Safety Week Anti-Bullying Week Healthy Week	World Book Day Science Week	International Week	Secondary Transition
	PSHE/RSE Y6	Citizenship Rights, Rules & Responsibilities	Myself & My Relationships Anti-bullying	Healthy & Safer Lifestyles Personal Safety	Economic Wellbeing Financial Capability	Myself & My Relationships Managing Change	Healthy & Safer Lifestyles Relationships & Sex Education Healthy & Safer Lifestyles Personal Safety
Languages	English Key Texts	Hansel and Gretel by Neil Gaiman (Narrative) Paperman (Narrative)	Letters from the Lighthouse by Emma Carroll (Recount) Letters from the frontline WWII	Hatshepsut Egypt by Kate Pankhurst (Biography) Tutankhamun (Biography)	Moth by Isabel Thomas (Poetry: Narrative poem) Narrative poems based on evolution and inheritance	Greta by Greta Thunburg (Speech) Pet Peeves (Blog)	Everest by Sangma Francis and Lisk Feng (Non-chronological report)
	Writing Outcomes	Writing to entertain: Narrative	Writing to inform: Non-fiction recount	Writing to inform: Non-fiction biography	Writing to entertain: Narrative poem	Writing to persuade: persuasive speech Writing to discuss: blog	Writing to inform: non- chronological report
	MFL - French	At school - À L'École Repeat and recognise the vocabulary for school subjects. Say what subjects they like and dislike at school. Say why they like/ dislike certain school subjects. Tell the time (on the hour) in French. Say what time they study certain subjects at school.	Regular verbs Recognise and understand what a pronoun is in both English and French and be able to say what the key personal pronouns are in French. Understand what a verb is in both English and French and how to then create a stem and work out the endings for regular –ER, -IR and -RE verbs. Conjugate in French a regular –ER verb. Conjugate in French a regular –IR verb.	World War II Group/order unknown vocabulary to help decode text in French. Improve their listening and reading skills. Name the countries and languages involved in WW2. Say what the differences were in city and country life during the war. Learn to integrate all their new and previous language writing a letter home as an evacuee living in the countryside	The Weekend Ask what the time is in French. Tell the time accurately in French. Learn how to say what they do at the weekend in French. Learn to integrate connectives into their work. Present an account of what they do and at what time at the weekend.	My place in the world – Moi dans le monde     About the many countries in the Francophone world.     About different festivals (religious and non-religious) around the world.     That we are different and yet all the same.     That we can all help to protect our planet.     How to use "à" (when talking about living IN a city) and "en/au/aux" (when talking about living IN a country).	
STEM	Maths	Place Value within 10,000,000 Four Operations	Fractions Position and direction	Decimals Percentages Algebra	Measurement (Conversion of units) Measurement (Perimeter, area and volume) Ratio and proportion	Geometry (properties of shape) Statistics	Consolidation and preparations for KS3
	Science	Light (Physics) – How does light allow us to see?Electricity (Physics) – Can we vary the effects of electricity?Recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines.Second the effects of electricity?Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye.Associate the brightness of a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit.Explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes.Compare and give reasons for traviations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness of buzzers and the on/off position of switches.Use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them.Use recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram.Know how simple optical instruments work, e.g. periscope, telescope, binoculars, mirror, magnifying glass etc.Second and a lamp or the volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit.		Evolution and Inheritance (Biology) – What is evolution, how does it happen and how do scientists know? Know about evolution and can explain what it is Know how fossils can be used to find out about the past Recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring vary and are not identical to their parents Identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution Recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago		Living Things and Their Habitats (Biology) – In what ways can we sort living things? Classify living things into broad groups according to observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences. Give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics	Animals, Including Humans (Biology) – How do our choices affect how our bodies work? Identify and name the main parts of the human circulatory system, and describe the functions of the heart, blood vessels and blood. Recognise the impact of diet, exercise, drugs and lifestyle on the way their bodies function. Describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans.
	DT		Create an Anderson shelter (understand and use electrical systems in their products)				Structures: Earthquakes
	Computing	Staying Safe Online. Using search engines to research				The future of technology – how technology facilitates communication	
Humanities	Geography	United Kingdom * (fieldwork opportunity)				Local area and region – Upper KS2 * (Integrates fieldwork)	
	History	World War II NC Obj: a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066		Ancient Egypt NC Obj: the achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of Ancient Egypt			
	RE	Christianity: Who do people say Jesus is?		Buddhism: What does it mean to be enlightened?		Humanism: Do people need to believe in a god to be a good person?	
		Making connections bet Making links and compa Understand and evaluat Articulate and apply the and to learn from religion an     Reflecting and respondi     Responding thoughtfully     Expressing views creating	e the diversity of belief in different religions different responses to ethical questions fro d belief: ng to the significance of meaning behind di to a range of sacred writings, stories and /ely as to why belonging to a faith commur	eligion and belief by: gions. nt religions including differences and similarities. nationally and globally. m a range of different religions			stem.
Creative Arts	Art & Design	Discussing and apply their own and others ideas about ethical qu L.S. Lowry "WWII" Oil/acrylic paint		estions and to express their own ideas clearly in response. Friedensreich Hundertwasser "Landscapes" Water colour, oil/acrylic paint		Romare Bearden	
						"Memories" Oil/acrylic paint	
Crea	Music	Нарру	Classroom Jazz 2	A New Year Carol	You've Got A Friend	Music and Me	Reflect, Rewind and Replay
Sports	PE & Games	Outdoor and Adventurous Activities Netball	Yoga Tag Rugby	Hockey Gymnastics	Archery Tri-Golf	Swimming Athletics	Rounders Tennis