



Lionel Walden Primary School

Head Lice Policy

Date policy next reviewed: December 2026

Signed by:

S Abey _____ Headteacher Date: 28/11/24 _____

J Dale _____ Chair of governors Date: 28/11/24 _____

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Statement of intent

Head lice are a common problem among school-aged children and can be very distressing to experience.

We are committed to protecting the health, safety and wellbeing of pupils at Lionel Walden Primary School. For this reason, all staff members, pupils and parents are should act in accordance with this policy in relation to the identification, treatment and prevention of head lice, in order to reduce the risk of potential infestations spreading.

This policy aims to minimise the social stigma associated with head lice infestations, whilst ensuring staff members and parents are aware of the actions to take when head lice are present within the school.

1. Legal framework

This policy has due regard to all relevant legislation and guidance including, but not limited to, the following:

- UK Health Security Agency (2023) 'Health protection in education and childcare facilities'

This policy operates in conjunction with the following school policies:

- Infection Control Policy
- Health and Safety Policy
- Behaviour Policy
- Anti-bullying Policy
- Attendance Policy

2. Definitions

Head lice – small, six-legged and wingless insects which live on, and close to, the scalp at the base of hair, often causing itching two to three weeks after coming into contact with someone who has head lice. They are spread by head-to-head contact.

Nits – small, empty white shells are left behind when head lice hatch, found further along the hair shaft. If an individual has nits, it does not necessarily mean that live head lice are present, but appropriate treatment should still be sought.

Head lice and nits are not harmful, but can be an extremely distressing experience for both pupil and parent, as well as for school employees.

For the purpose of this policy, the term '**outbreak**' is used to describe where there are more 3 cases with no direct family relationship between children of head lice present at the school at the same time.

3. Roles and responsibilities

The headteacher is responsible for:

- Making parents and staff members aware of this policy.
- Implementing this policy throughout the school.
- Ensuring that all parents and staff members understand their responsibilities in relation to individuals' privacy.
- Collaborating with local authority guidance when providing pupils and parents with advice regarding the identification and treatment of head lice.
- Ensuring that pupils with head lice are not excluded from activities or made to feel victimised.

All staff members are responsible for:

- Acting in accordance with this policy.
- Being aware of head lice signs and symptoms.

- Informing parents of children with head lice sensitively and sign post parents to information about how to treat this.
- Providing parents with advice on the prevention and detection of head lice.
- Creating an inclusive environment at all times in which pupils with head lice are not subject to prejudice or discriminated against.
- Maintaining a visual check of pupils for head lice.
- Reporting concerns and directing queries about head lice to the headteachers.

Parents are responsible for:

- Being aware of head lice signs and symptoms.
- Ensuring that their child maintains a sufficient level of hygiene, grooming and hair care.
- Identifying cases of head lice and notifying the school of these immediately.
- Responding to and actively addressing concerns about their child pertaining to the presence, or potential presence, of head lice.
- Undertaking all preventative measures as advised.
- Carrying out wet combing on a weekly basis during an outbreak.
- Treating their child for head lice as soon as they have been identified.

4. Identified cases

Parents are primarily responsible for identifying, reporting and treating their child's head lice.

If staff members notice head lice in an individual pupil's hair, they will privately inform the parent, advising them to treat their child's hair.

If staff members notice head lice in numerous pupils' hair, or a particular group of pupils, they will report the matter to the headteacher, who will then be responsible for notifying the necessary parties.

Where there are more than three pupils with no direct family relationship between children identified as having head lice at the same time, a letter will be sent home to all parents notifying them that an outbreak of head lice has been reported and asking class parents to check their child's hair.

The names of the pupils involved in an outbreak of head lice will not be disclosed.

Parents will be reminded about the importance of early identification and their responsibilities in relation to detection via newsletters, emails and the school website.

Pupils with head lice are expected to still attend school and will not be excluded for medical reasons. Where a pupil does not attend school due to head lice, they will be registered as having an unauthorised absence in accordance with the Attendance Policy.

Unacceptable behaviour, such as name calling, towards pupils or families of pupils with head lice will not be tolerated. Where exclusive behaviour is present, pupils will be disciplined in accordance with the school's Behaviour Policy and Anti-bullying Policy.

5. Prevention

The school recognises that, whilst head lice cannot be prevented, measures can be taken in order to aid early detection and reduce the risk of lice spreading, such as daily hair brushing and grooming.

Pupils and parents will be provided with information regarding the prevention of head lice, explaining what they can do at home to reduce the risk of an outbreak.

All staff members will be aware of the risk posed by head lice and will be capable of providing advice to parents regarding the identification and treatment of head lice. Where staff members experience difficulty answering a parent's query, they should consult the headteacher.

Contact precautions will be used to control the spread of head lice, e.g. pupils will be discouraged from sharing personal items such as combs, hats and scarves.

Where lice or nits are present, personal items like hats and scarves will ideally be kept separate to the belongings of pupils where lice and nits are not present. This will be done sensitively.

Pupils will be encouraged to tie long hair back, particularly where lice or nits are present.

Parents are expected to ensure that their child maintains a sufficient level of cleanliness and hygiene, including the brushing and grooming of hair.

It is the responsibility of parents to inspect their child's hair for lice as described in the Transmission section of this policy.

6. Transmission

It is recognised that head lice are contagious and can be contracted by direct head-to-head contact, and thus are a higher risk amongst younger pupils due to their increased bodily contact; therefore, all possible precautions, as outlined in the Prevention section of this policy, to help reduce the risk of transmission of head lice within the school will be taken.

Where a child is identified as having head lice, the parent is responsible for ensuring that all members of the family are checked and, if necessary, treated.

Parents should conduct regular checks following treatment, helping to prevent further infestation and transmission.

To help parents identify cases of head lice, the school will provide information about what to look out for, as well as dispelling any myths regarding transmission, such as that they can fly or that only unhygienic people get them.

The school will provide parents with useful contacts where additional information can be accessed. Affected families will be reassured that having head lice is nothing to be ashamed of.

7. Treatment

When asked for advice regarding treatment, staff members will not endorse one particular brand of treatment and will instead direct the individual to their GP or pharmacist.

Parents will be provided with information pertaining to head lice treatment.

Parents are responsible for sourcing and applying the treatment for their child. Treatment will not be provided by, or within, the school. The school will not recommend any particular type of treatment.

Where treatment has been unsuccessful and live lice are still present, parents will seek medical advice about further treatment, ensuring that wet combing is still effectively undertaken every three days. Re-infestation of head lice will be indicated if full-sized adult lice are found whilst wet combing up to seven days after treatment. Where this is the case, parents will seek medical advice regarding the necessary treatment.

8. Monitoring and review

This policy is reviewed every two years by the headteacher.

Any changes to this policy will be communicated to all relevant stakeholders.

The next scheduled review date for this policy is December 2026.